

PINK LADY® MINIMUM INTERNATIONAL QUALITY SPECIFICATIONS AT DESTINATION

CHARACTERISTICS

Approved Varieties: Cripps Pink, Rosy Glow, Lady in Red or Ruby Matilda

Brix: Average of 13% or greater

Colour: Cream-pale green background, covered by greater than 60% surface colour (all Asian, Gulf State territories and Russia) or 40% surface colour (all other territories) in a continuous block, where surface colour is not interrupted by an area of more than 5 cm². Allow tolerance of 10% for fruit with colour interruption greater than 5 cm². European CTIFL code: B3-B6 for background and minimum I4 for surface

Firmness (Pressure): Minimum average 6.5 kg/cm² (14.3 lbs/cm²) or greater. Minimum average at departure 7.0 kg/cm² (15.4 lbs/cm²) or greater. Measured with an 11 mm penetrometer

Waxed fruit: Not allowed into European or Gulf State territories

DESCRIPTION OF THE DEFECT AND CLASSIFICATION		
MAJOR DEFECTS	lay not exceed 1% of sample size as described	
	Core Rot	
	Decay including Gloeosporium, Bull's eye rot and other fungal developments	
	Internal Browning	
	Scald	
	All defects as defined in EU Regulation No. 543/2011 Annex 1, Part B, Part 1, II, A. when applicable.	
SIGNIFICANT DEFECTS	lay not exceed 3% of sample size as described	
	Apple Scab also known as Black Spot, Venturia inaequalis, Fusicladium dendriticum or Spilocaea pomi: When more than three spots of 2 mm diameter on a single fruit	
	Bitter Pit	
	Bruising – major: Greater than 1cm ² and the flesh is discoloured deeper than 2mm	
	Cracks – major: Open cracks showing the flesh of the apple	
	Greasiness: When fruit is sticky or when fingerprints can be left on the epidermis	
	Hail Marks - major: When skin is injured or flesh is discoloured	
	Insect Damage – major: Fresh unhealed damage or when skin penetration results in flesh discolouration of with evidence of excrement	
	Skin Penetrations such as stalk or mechanical injuries: When two marks greater than 3 mm diameter o single fruit. European market: Apples must be intact with no skin penetrations	n a
	Sunburn - major: When flesh is discoloured	
	TOTAL MAJOR + SIGNIFICANT DEFECTS MAY NOT EXCEED 3% OF SAMPLE SIZE	
MINOR DEFECTS	Blemishes such as scars, scratches, rub marks and frost injury: When a single mark is more than 20 r long and a total area greater than 1 cm ² on a single fruit	nm
	Bruising – minor: When bruised area is greater than 1 cm ²	
	Chemical Burn: When surface colour is affected	
	Calyx end cracks - minor: Light healed cracks around greater than half of calyx basin	
	Dirty fruit: Fruit must be clean but dust allowed in lower halves of stem and calyx ends1	
	Hail Marks – minor: When more than two light marks less than 2 mm diameter on a single fruit and no more than 1 mm depth or 2 mm high	re
	Hammering and Ridging: When surface is discoloured	
	Insect Damage – minor: When superficial mark (no skin penetration) with an area greater than 3 mm	
	Lenticel Damage: When more than two spots greater than 1 mm diameter on a single fruit	
	Malformations: When malformations more than 10 mm on a single fruit	
	Net like russet: When rough to touch and surface colour is affected	
	Other defects that mark fruit such as Flyspeck (<i>Schizothyrium pomi</i>) and Sooty Blotch (<i>Gloedes</i>	
	pomigena): When greater than 1 cm² on a single fruit	
	Russet: When extended outside the stem end and calyx basin	
	Sunburn - minor: When surface colour is affected TOTAL MAJOR DEFECTS + SIGNIFICANT DEFECTS + MINOR DEFECTS MAY NOT EXCEED 10% OF SAMPLE SIZE	

Additional requirement for PinKids® Sub-Brand – Fruit size: 135 grams or smaller

¹ Under EU Regulations: Apples must be practically free of visible soil, dust, residue or other foreign matter. Classified as a major defect.